

- (1) Suppose R is an integral domain and M is an R -module. Prove that $\text{Tor}(M)$ is a submodule of M , and that $M/\text{Tor}(M)$ is torsion free. Show that $\text{Tor}(M)$ need not be a submodule if R is not an integral domain.
- (2) Suppose R is a ring and M and N are R -modules. Prove:
- (a) If R is an integral domain, then $\text{Tor}(M \oplus N) \simeq \text{Tor}(M) \oplus \text{Tor}(N)$
- (b) If P is a submodule of M , and Q is a submodule of N , then

$$(M \oplus N)/(P \oplus Q) \simeq M/P \oplus N/Q.$$

Generalize.

- (3) Suppose R is a ring. Prove that if M and N are free R -modules, then $M \oplus N$ is also a free R -module.
- (4) Suppose R is a ring and M is an R -module. Show that a set that contains a torsion element of M cannot be a basis of M .